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{ TOPIC }

Connecting Geulah to Tefillah



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- Each issue reviews a different area of contemporary halacha with an emphasis on practical applications of the principles discussed. Significant time is spent ensuring the inclusion of all relevant shittos on each topic, as well as the psak of Harav Yisroel Belsky, Shlita on current issues.

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Connecting Geulah to Tefillah

e daven three times a day. Many halachos involving tefillah are not well known. One of these is connecting geulah to tefillah. Why is this necessary, and when does it apply? Should one answer amen after gu'al yisroel? All these and other questions will be addressed in this issue.

The Source

The Gemorah¹ says that one should connect geulah² to tefillah.3 This is brought by all the poskim as well.4 This halacha is rabbinical in nature.⁵ The reason for this is that the posuk says "Hashem Tzuri Vegoali (geulah) and next to it says "Ya'ancha Hashem Beyom Tzara" (tefillah).6 The main mitzvah is to connect geulah to tefillah when davening vasikin; however, the mitzvah applies at other times as well (see below).7

One who does not connect geulah to tefillah is comparable to the king's friend who knocks on the king's

Meseches 9b. Refer to Melachim 2:20, Yerushalmi Meseches Berochos 1:1, Bemechitzas Rabbeinu page 50.

^{2.} Refer to Elya Rabbah 66:7, Lekutei Maharich 1:page 138 (new), Mishnah Berurah 66:33 and Aruch Hashulchan 66:12 on gu'al yisroel.

^{3.} Refer to Ben Ish Chai Shemos 1:9 why there is no kaddish between geulah and tefillah at Shacharis.

^{4.} Tur 66, Shulchan Aruch 66:7-8, 111:1, Taz 111:1, Shulchan Aruch Haray 66:9, Shulchan Aruch Haray 111:1, Ben Ish Chai Shemos 1:9, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:2.

Shulchan Aruch Haray 111:2, Mishnah Berurah 8,

^{6.} Tur 111, Rama 111:1, Kaf Hachaim 1. Refer to Chiddushei Maharsha Meseches Berochos 9b, see Melachim 2:20, Bemechitzas Rabbeinu page 50.

^{7.} Bais Yosef 66, Elya Rabbah 111:1, Kaf Hachaim 66:33.



door. When the king opens the door, he sees that his friend has wandered off. The king retreats into his palace, and is not available when the friend returns. The mention of *geulah* is our knock on *Hashem's* door, while *tefillah* is the request.⁸

Which Tefillos

The obligation applies to *Shacharis*, and one should be careful to do so by *Maariv* as well.⁹

The Benefits

One merits *Olom Haba* if he connects *geulah* to *tefillah* at *Maariv*¹⁰ (and certainly at *Shacharis*).¹¹ One who *davens vasikin* and connects *geulah* to *tefillah* will not be harmed all day.¹²

Any Waiting

One should not wait any amount of time between saying *gu'al yisroel* and starting *shemonei esrei.*¹³ This means more than the amount of time it takes to say *sheilas shalom* to one's *Rebbi.*¹⁴ The *Pri Chadash*¹⁵ says one should not be *mafsik* the time it takes to walk twenty four *amos* (approximately 36 feet).

^{8.} Tur 111, Shulchan Aruch Harav 111:2, Mishnah Berurah 8, Aruch Hashulchan 1, Kaf Hachaim 2.

^{9.} Tosfas Meseches Berochos 4b "deamar," Mishnah Berurah 111:4, Aruch Hashulchan 1, Kaf Hachaim 66:40, 111:3. Refer to Elya Rabbah 66:13, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:2, Nefesh Harav pages 119-120. Refer to Tur 235.

^{10.} Meseches Berochos 4b.

^{11.} Ishei Yisroel 17:footnote 72.

^{12.} Tosfas Meseches Berochos 9b "kol," Rashba Meseches Berochos 9b, Tur 111, Bais Yosef 111, Elya Rabbah 111:1. Some say it is a *tikun* for *shichvas zera* (Kaf Hachaim 111:5).

^{13.} Tur 111, Bais Yosef, Mishnah Berurah 66:38, 111:2. Refer to Aruch Ha'shulchan 66:13.

^{14.} Mishnah Berurah 111:2. In regard to using the facilities at that time refer to Shevet Halevi 9:22.

^{15. 111:1.}

Hashem Sifasai Tiftach

Hashem sifasai tiftach¹⁶ was instituted by the chachamim as part of shemonei esrei; therefore, it is not considered a hefsek between geulah and tefillah.17 It is considered an extension of the tefillah.18

When the shatz starts chazaras hashatz, he says Hashem sifasai tiftach19 quietly.20

The shatz should not²¹ be mafsik between his quiet shemonei esrei and the start of chazaras hashatz,22 except for answering devarim sh'bekedusha.²³

Answering Amen after Gu'al Yisroel

There is dispute among the *poskim* whether or not *amen* is answered after the shatz recites gu'al yisroel.24 Some poskim maintain that one may not answer amen²⁵ (custom of the Sefardim),26 while others permit it,27 and this is the

^{16.} Tehillim 51:17. Refer to Rav Poalim 4:4. Refer to Ben Ish Chai Vayekhel 1:10. See Rinas Chaim

^{17.} Shulchan Aruch 111:1, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:2. Refer to Biur Halacha "chozer" and Igros Moshe O.C. 8:24:8 if one forgot to recite Hashem Sifusai Tiftach before starting shemonei esrei.

^{18.} Meseches Berochos 4b, Tur 111, Bais Yosef, Taz 111:2, Gra 111, Rabbah 111:2, Shulchan Aruch Haray 111:1, Mishnah Berurah 10.

^{19.} Bais Yosef 111, Shulchan Aruch 2.

^{20.} Magen Avraham 111:4, Mishnah Berurah 10, Aruch Hashulchan 4. Refer to Kaf Hachaim 111:10 who says the custom in many places is for the shatz to say it out loud.

^{21.} Aruch Hashulchan 111:4.

^{22.} Mishnah Berurah 10.

^{23.} Mishnah Berurah 10.

^{24.} Mishnah Berurah 111:6.

^{25.} Bais Yosef 111, Shulchan Aruch 66:7, Elya Rabbah 66:10, Ben Ish Chai Shemos 1:9, Sharei Teshuva 13, Shulchan Aruch Harav 66:9, Mishnah Berurah 111:3.

^{26.} Halacha Berurah 66:30.

^{27.} In a situation where the congregant finished shirah chadash before the shatz and he did not start Shemonei Esrei yet, he does not have to wait for the shatz in order to say amen (Mishnah Berurah 36).



custom.²⁸ However, nowadays the custom is that no *amen* is said.²⁹ According to all opinions, one who *davens* alone does not say *amen*.³⁰ Other *poskim* suggest that one conclude the *beracha* at the same time as the *shatz*, thus avoiding any obligation to say *amen*.³¹

Some people wait at *shira chadasha* or *tzur yisroel* for the *shatz*, and then answer *amen*. However, this is not proper behavior.³² One reason is that one is supposed to start his *shemone esrei* together with the *shatz* and congregation at one time.³³

The Shatz Ending Gu'al Yisroel Quietly

Many people conclude *gu'al yisroel* quietly so that the *tzibbur* does not hear the end of the *beracha* and does not recite *amen*.³⁴ This seems to be an excellent means to avoid being *mafsik* between *gu'al yisroel* and *shemone esrei* (*tefillah*).³⁵ However, many *poskim* frown on this practice,³⁶ especially since no earlier *poskim* mention this.³⁷ Rather,

^{28.} Tur 111, Rama 66:7, 111:1, Magen Avraham 2, Sharei Teshuva 13, Shulchan Aruch Harav 66:9.

^{29.} Aruch Ha'shulchan 66:14 111:1.

^{30.} Rama ibid, Shulchan Aruch Harav 66:9, Mishnah Berurah 32, 34.

^{31.} Magen Avraham 66:11, Sharei Teshuva 13, Shulchan Aruch Harav 66:9.

^{32.} Shulchan Aruch Harav 66:9, Mishnah Berurah 35.

^{33.} Ibid.

^{34.} Yesodo Yeshurin 1:page 284, Rivevos Ephraim 1:71, 6:42. Refer to Minhag Yisroel Torah 66:pages 153-154.

^{35.} Ishei Yisroel 17:footnote 83 quoting the opinion of Harav Chaim Kanievesky shlita as saying it is a beautiful custom, Halichos Chaim 1:page 38:92, 2:page 47:73, Sheilas Rav 2:8:46, Eyunei Halachas 1:pages 272, 282-283. Refer to ibid:pages 267-288in great depth on this topic.

^{36.} Emes Leyaakov 66:footnote 93, Halichos Shlomo Tefillah 7:18:footnote 28, see ibid:footnote 62, Teshuvos Vehanhugos 1:105, Yugel Yaakov page 66:footnote 96, Avnei Yuhsfei 3:5 quoting the opinion of Harav Elyashiv zt"l, Oz Nedberu 10:24, opinion of Harav Silber zt"l quoted in Eyunei Halachos 1:page 284, opinion of Harav Chaim Pinchus Sheinberg zt"l ibid:page 280, opinion of Harav Shlomo Zalman Aurbach zt"l ibid page 279, Oleinu Leshabeach 2:page 130, Teshuvas Ivrei 2:6:3:page 8, Ishei Yisroel 17:footnote 83.

^{37.} Halacha Berurah 66:footnote 21.

the shatz and congregants should say gu'al yisroel aloud and finish at the same time so that no amen is necessary,38 or one should start a bit before the shatz begins.³⁹

Tallis and Tefillin Between Geulah and Tefillah

The consensus of the poskim is that one may lay tefillin40 between geulah and tefillah if he could not do so beforehand. 4142 However, the berachos should not be made until after shemonei esrei.43

Tallis and *tefillin* may be laid before reciting the final part of the bracha (boruch ata Hashem),44 but no berachos should be recited at that point.⁴⁵ The act of putting on the tallis and tefillin is not considered a hefsek.46 The overwhelming opinion of the *poskim* is to recite the *beracha* of *lehaniach* tefillin in the latter case.47 However, the boruch shem etc. which is customarily recited after placing on the tefillin may not be said at this point.48

^{38.} Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:2.

^{39.} Avnei Yushfei 3:5.

^{40.} Tefillin has more of a connection to krias shema and tefillah than tallis (Mishnah Berurah 41).

^{41.} Refer to Magen Avraham 12.

^{42.} Refer to Yechaveh Daas 6:4.

^{43.} Shulchan Aruch 66:8, Mishnah Berurah 42. Refer to Mishnah Berurah 42 who brings the opposing view.

^{44.} Mishnah Berurah 46.

^{45.} Shulchan Aruch 66:8.

^{46.} Mishnah Berurah 45.

^{47.} Rama 66:8, Mishnah Berurah 47-48. Refer to Elya Rabbah 66:10, Kaf Hachaim 66:37.

^{48.} Mishnah Berurah 47.



Kaddish / Kedusha / Borchu / Modim

One may not answer to *Kadddish*, *Kedusha*,⁴⁹ *Borchu* or *Modim*⁵⁰ between *gu'al yisroel* and the start of *shemonei esrei*. One who wishes to do so (and has not answered already)⁵¹ should pause at *shira chadasha* and answer then.⁵² This is *l'chatchilah*; *b'dieved*, one is allowed to respond as long as he did not say *boruch ata...*of *gu'al yisroel*.⁵³ One may bow with the *shatz* at *Modim* even if he has started *gu'al yisroel*.⁵⁴

Aliyah

One may not accept an *aliyah* between *geulah* and *tefillah*.⁵⁵

Shabbos and Yom Tov

There are many opinions in the *poskim* that permit a response to *kaddish*, *kedusha*, etc on *Shabbos* between *gu'al yisroel* and *shemonei esrei.*⁵⁶ The reason is that *Shabbos* is not a time of *tzara*, and, as we explained earlier, the requirement for connecting *geulah* and *tefillah* is based on the proximity of *Hashem Tzuri Vegoali* and *Ya'ancha Hashem Beyom Tzara*. Others say that *Shabbos* follows the same rules as a weekday.⁵⁷ *L'maaseh*, one can respond on *Shabbos*

^{49.} Shulchan Aruch 66:9, Shulchan Aruch Harav 66:10, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:2, Mishnah Berurah 111:3, 5, Aruch Ha'shulchan 66:13, Kaf Hachaim 38.

^{50.} Mishnah Berurah 49.

^{51.} Mishnah Berurah 51.

^{52.} Shulchan Aruch 66:9.

^{53.} Mishnah Berurah 66:52.

^{54.} Mishnah Berurah 66:49. Refer to Shulchan Aruch 109:1, Mishnah Berurah 9.

^{55.} Mishnah Berurah 66:24.

Rama 111:1, Shulchan Aruch Harav 111:2, Kaf Hachaim Palagi 28:48, Mishnah Berurah 66:50.

^{57.} Bais Yosef 111, Elya Rabbah 66:10, Sharei Teshuva 111:1, Aruch Hashulchan 3, (this is the custom), Kaf Hachaim 66:38, 111:6, 9, Halacha Berurah 66:34:footnote 25, see Taz 111:3.

to devarim sh'bekedusha since some say that Shabbos is different, and permit this even during the week.⁵⁸

Many poskim say Yom Tov has the same halachos as a weekday.59

Didn't Say Krias Shema

One who did not say krias shema yet may not say shemonei esrei with the tzibur. Rather, he must say krias shema (with the berochos)60 and then shemonei esrei, since connecting geulah to tefillah is more important than tefillah b'tzibbur.61 At Maariv one may daven shemonei esrei and then recite krias shema afterwards. 62 Harav Shlomo Zalman *Aurbach zt"* l⁶³ did not approve of this practice.

Taking Three Steps Before Shemonei Esrei

The custom is to take three steps before shemonei esrei.⁶⁴ This is done by taking three steps back and then three steps forward. 65 The Aruch Hashulchan 66 is of the opinion that the backward steps should be taken before reciting *Tzur Yisroel*.

When the shatz says tehillas one should stand up to prepare for shemonei esrei. He should stand at Mincha when the shatz goes to the amud, and at Maariv when the shatz starts saying kaddish. In addition, one should remove

^{58.} Mishnah Berurah 111:9, Biur Halacha "vetov," Aruch Hashulchan 66:15.

^{59.} Rama 111:1, Magen Avraham 2, Mishnah Berurah 7, Aruch Hashulchan 3, Kaf Hachaim 66:38. Refer to Pri Megadim Eishel Avraham 114:2 if Yom Tov falls out on Shabbos.

^{60.} Mishnah Berurah 11.

^{61.} Shulchan Aruch 111:3, Aruch Hashulchan 4.

^{62.} Mishnah Berurah 11, Aruch Hashulchan 4.

^{63.} Halichos Shlomo Tefillah 7:19:footnote 29.

^{64.} Rama 95:1.

^{65.} Mishnah Berurah 95:3, Kaf Hachaim 7, Rivevos Ephraim 6:43, See Elya Rabbah 3. Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:2.

^{66. 98:7.} Refer to Yad Eliyahu 8:page 10:2. See Rivevos Ephraim ibid.



anything which may distract him before starting *shemonei* esrei.⁶⁷

Some *poskim* hold that at *Mincha*, *Maariv* and *Mussaf* the *shatz* should step back before saying *kaddish*.⁶⁸

^{67.} Mishnah Berurah 95:3.

^{68.} Rivevos Ephraim 2:89.

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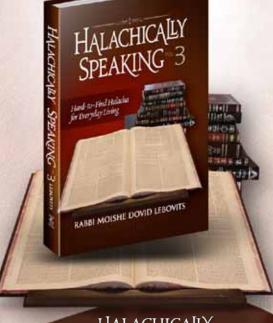
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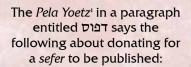
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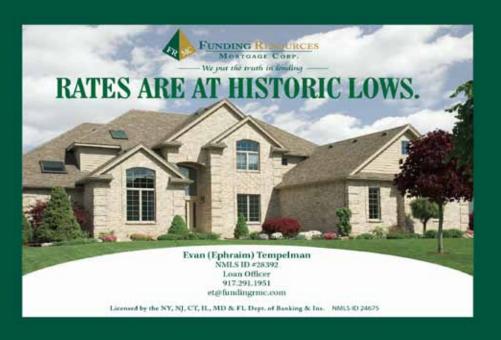


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pages 141-142 (new print).



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By Dovid Margolin

Tasty for the Palate, Easy on the Pocket

For Torah-observant Jews, the standard of kashrus has always been the ultimate – or more accurately, the only – decisive factor in food shopping. When our grandparents managed their households, dedication to kashrus meant forgoing a wide variety of tasty, healthful products on the market, either because they

lacked certification altogether or because their kashrus standard did not pass muster.

As time went by, the number of products on supermarket shelves sporting reliable kashrus certification continually increased. Keeping kosher was no longer much of a challenge for the palate, and the kosher consumer's mesirus nefesh was restricted to his pocket. On the whole, buying strictly kosher products entailed passing up moneysaving bargains and paying a premium for kashrus value – a price paid willingly, but not without difficulty.

But now, even that challenge is soon to be greatly alleviated, as the baked goods department of one of the major wholesale club chains "goes kosher."

Rachel K. is a long-time BJ's Wholesale Club member, a loyal customer who has long enjoyed the savings she receives in return for her BJ's membership. Whether it's purchasing new air conditionings to beat the New York City heat or buying brand new school-supplies each September, BJ's has become a routine stop for Rachel and her growing family.

Yetwithall of the convenience that BJ's has to offer, kosher food has not been near the top of Rachel's BJ's shopping list. As a kosher consumer, Rachel would pass through the well-stocked bakery department without looking twice, knowing that the food was not certified as kosher and therefore would not be coming home with her at the end of her shopping excursion. That is, until now.

Wishing to provide a complete money-saving

shopping experience for all of their customers, including the kashrus-observant ones, BJ's Wholesale club recently manv announced that bakery departments their will be going kosher. Working together with the KOF-K, one of the world's leading kashrus organizations, BJ's has already started kashering stores in New York and Massachusetts. additional plans with kosher stores in New Jersey, Connecticut, Maryland, Florida, and Ohio. By the end of 2013, 24 BI's Wholesale Clubs will have kosher bakery departments, to be joined by an additional 17 in 2014

Everything from intricate birthday cakes to cookies. muffins. pastries, croissants - much loved by BJ's general shopping public - will now be available to the kosher consumer at wholesale club prices. Aside from the KOF-K certifying rabbis who will be making regular visits to the bakery to ensure that everything is up to the KOF-K's kashrus standards, customers will be able to directly contact Rabbi Moishe Lebovits. KOF-K kashrus administrator who heads the BJ's kosher



Paving the Way to Kosher

have.

"Before a store 'goes-kosher' go through a detailed kosherization process," explains Rabbi Lebovits. "All of the bakery employees attend seminar where we explain what kosher is, how it relates to BI's bakery, and its significance to the consumer. We want them to understand how important this is.

"But if anyone ever does have a question, they will be able to contact me directly. We want to make the experience as easy and enjoyable for the consumer as possible, and therefore instead of having to call our office and leaving messages, each store

addition to the BI's fresh-baked items, the bakery department will also carry a wider array of kosher prepackaged items, many of which will be pareve and Pas Yisroel. BJ's, which opened its 200th store in North Carolina in June, will also be stocking more general kosher food items such as meats and cheeses in their

frozen and refrigerator aisles. All

of this spells welcome news for

kosher consumers everywhere.

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"We've been getting very positive feedback, and people are really excited about this," concludes Rabbi Lebovits. "People are shopping in BJ's anyway, but now a whole new section of it has opened to the kosher consumer. The world is going kosher, and we're delighted that BJ's is a part of that."

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