# השרה בחוה (נג) אין מצריבין (מ) בפרות וה"ם שא"צ אלא לו לבדו למוס מחומו בשום לקנות (נג) שלא ירוש (מ) בפרות וה"ם שא"צ אלא לו לבדו לבדו לבדו היושלה בשום לקנות (נג) שלא ירוש לו כברות: בשום לקנות לבי דש אפילו בפרות: בדרבו היושלה בשום לא בפרות: בפרות בפרות: בפרות בפרות ליתו לו שכר מזונו מ"ח: (מ) מוסר מיח: (מ) מוסר מיח: (מ) משום בפרות לריך שינוי חתר מיח: (מ) בפרות לריך שינוי חתר מיח: (מ) בפרות לריך שינוי חתר מיחים בפרות לריך שינוי מוחים בפרות לריך שינוי חתר מיחים בפרות לריך שינוי מוחים בפרות לריך שינוי מוחים בפרות לריך שינוי מוחים בפרות לריך שינוים בפרות לריף בפרות לריך שינוים בפרות לריף בפרות לר

Volume 4 • Issue 6

#### ► Compiled by Rabbi Moishe Dovid Lebovits

- ▶ Reviewed by Rabbi Benzion Schiffenbauer Shlita
- All Piskei Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita
  are reviewed by Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita

# Affixing a Mezuzah Part 1

Many questions come up regarding *hilchos mezuzah*. For example, when one moves into a house, when is the correct time to affix a *mezuzah*? How high on the doorpost does the *mezuzah* have to be? Who is allowed to affix a *mezuzah* on the doorpost? These questions and many others will be answered in the upcoming issues.

#### The Source and Reward of the Mitzvah

The *Torah* speaks about the *mitzvah* of *mezuzah* in two places.<sup>1</sup> One who is careful with this *mitzvah* merits long life.<sup>2</sup> A *remez* to this is the word *mezuzah*, which can be broken up to read *zuz* (the two *zayin's*) *mos* (the *mem vov*, and *tuf*), which means remove death.<sup>3</sup>

The *Ba'al Haturim*<sup>4</sup> comments that one who is careful with this *mitzvah* is assured that no

dangers will enter his home.<sup>5</sup> The Bach<sup>6</sup> explains that this *mitzvah* is different than other mitzvahs, since one has enjoyment from this mitzvah since his house is watched7 when a *mezuzah* is placed on the doorposts. One who does not put up *mezuzahs* on all his doorposts which require a mezuzah will not merit Olom Haba.8 One who is careful with mezuzah will merit a nice home9 in which no mazikim will enter.10 One who has tefillin on his head and a mezuzah on his doorpost is not likely to sin.<sup>11</sup> The *Gemorah* in *Menochos*<sup>12</sup> states as long as the yidin have mezuzahs on their doorposts they show that Hashem is dear to them. One who is not careful with this mitzvah may cause bad things to happen to his children.<sup>13</sup> When one puts up a *mezuzah* on the doorpost it screams

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sefer Devarim 6:9, see Eikev 11:20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Eikev 11:21, Tur Y.D. 285. Refer to Segulas Yisroel page 191 (new), Rabbeinu B'Chaya Sefer Devarim page 282, Shach 285:1, Taz 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mezuzahs Melachim 11:23:footnote 11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Devarim 11:20. Refer to Mesechtas Menochos 32b, Rashi "Sakana."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Refer to Yesod V'shoresh Hu'avoda shar hakollel 16:page 697 (new).

<sup>6</sup> Y.D. 285.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Aruch Ha'shulchan 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Yosef Ometz 477:page 99.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Mesechtas Shabbos 23b.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Zohar Devarim page 265.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Mesechtas Menochos 43b.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Mesechtas Shabbos 32b, Tur ibid, Shulchan Aruch 285:1.

out and says *Hashem* is in this home.<sup>14</sup> One has to be very careful with this *mitzvah*.<sup>15</sup>

#### Reasons

One of the reasons for this *mitzvah* is to remind us every time we enter or leave our home that we should have *emunah*- faith in *Hashem*. One who does not put up a *mezuzah* when he is supposed to is being *mevatel* a *mitzvah*. A *mezuzah* is specifically put on the door, as opposed to a different place, so that before one goes out into the world one passes the *mezuzah* which will protect him from its influence by reminding one to be careful with what he brings into his home. 17

# Placing one's Hand on a Mezuzah etc.

Many have the custom when entering or leaving a room to place a hand on the *mezuzah* <sup>18</sup> and then kiss their hand<sup>19</sup> to show love for this mitzvah.<sup>20</sup> Others kiss the *mezuzah*.<sup>21</sup> Some say that one should only touch the *mezuzah* without any kissing.<sup>22</sup> One who does kiss the *mezuzah* should not do so out of habit, and should have in mind what is written in the *mezuzah*. One should recite the following when placing a hand on the *mezuzah*: 't שומרי ה' צלי על על לחיים ולשלום מעתה ועד עולם יד ימיני ה' ישמור צאתי ובואי לחיים ולשלום מעתה ועד עולם וכו'.

<sup>14</sup> B'sharei Mezuzah page 18.

The *Chazzon Ish* had the custom to look at the *mezuzah* without touching it.<sup>23</sup>

#### Women

Women are also obligated in the *mitzvah* of *mezuzah*,<sup>24</sup> since one of the rewards for this *mitzvah* is long life and women can also use this reward.<sup>25</sup> Many *poskim* say that a woman can put up a *mezuzah l'chatchilah*.<sup>26</sup> Others say *b'dieved*, if she did so; there is no need to take it down.<sup>27</sup> A married woman is not obligated to put up a *mezuzah* since her husband does it for her.<sup>28</sup>

#### Children

One should train his child under *bar-mitzvah* in the *mitzvah* of *mezuzah*.<sup>29</sup> The *chinuch* is that they should not have a door that does not have a *mezuzah*.<sup>30</sup> However, *l'chatchilah* a child under *bar-mitzvah* should not affix a *mezuzah*.<sup>31</sup>

# Entering a Home without a Mezuzah

There is a discussion in the *poskim* whether or not one is permitted to stay in a room which is obligated to have a *mezuzah* but does not have one.<sup>32</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Shulchan Aruch 285:1, Chai Adom 5:13, Aruch Ha'shulchan 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> As explained by the Chinuch in *mitzvah* 423. Refer to Pirush Harikantei.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Refer to the Aish Hatorah Website on a discussion concerning this concept.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Birchei Yosef 285:2, Meam Loez Eikev page 578.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Pischei Mezuzah285:16. Refer to Salmas Chaim 570, Sefer Matamim page 116:8, Misgeres Ha'shulchan 11:18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Refer to Ben Ish Chai Va'yeira 1:21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita, see Chai Adom 15:1, Secheil Tov pages 66-67.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Darchei Moshe 285:2, Drisha 1, Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:3, see Pischei Shearim pages 113-114.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Dinim V'hanhugos of the Chazzon Ish Y.D. 3:5:10, Orchos Rabbeinu 3:page 164:2, Derech Sicha page 517.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Mesechtas Kiddushin 34a, Rambam Hilchos Mezuzah5:10, Chinuch ibid, Shulchan Aruch 291:3, Shach 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Mesechtas Kiddushin ibid, Shach 4, Da'as Kedoshim 289:12, Aruch Ha'shulchan 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Eretz Tzvi 15:pages 111-112, Shevet Ha'Levi 2:158:3, Kinyan Torah 2:58, Kuntres Hamezuzah page 117:21, Chovas Hador 9:3, Seichel Tov page 387, Soveh Smochos 1:page 319:13. Refer to Halichos Beisa 32:14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Mezuzahs Melachim page 6, Be'er Moshe 2:100, 6:79:5, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 4:238:6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Chovas Hador 1:footnote 17, Pischei Mezuzahs 291:26.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Mesechtas Berochos 20b, Rambam Hilchos Mezuzah 5:10, Shulchan Aruch 291:3, Aruch Ha'shulchan 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Pri Megadim in Rosh Yosef page 200a, see Seichel Tov page 370.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Tzitz Eliezer 14:75, Chonoch L'nar 35:4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Refer to Pri Megadim M.Z. O.C. 38:15, Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:2, Avnei Nezer Y.D. 381, Divrei Malkiel 3:79, Mikdash Me'at 285:3, Sefer Habayis 20:28, Kuntres

# Intent When Affixing a Mezuzah

When one affixes a *mezuzah* some say that one should have in mind that even though one gets reward for this *mitzvah* (long life) this should not be the main reason for affixing the *mezuzah*. Rather, one's intention should be that he is putting up a *mezuzah* because doing so is the will of *Hashem*.<sup>33</sup>

# When Does the Obligation Begin?

When one rents a house in *Chutz L'aretz*, no *mezuzah* is placed on the doorpost for the first thirty days since it is not called a home yet.<sup>34</sup> When renting a house in *Eretz Yisroel* one puts up a *mezuzah* right away because of the *mitzvah* of living in *Eretz Yisroel*.<sup>35</sup> Some say that since today that a renter cannot back out of a lease he has a *din* like a buyer and the requirement to put up a *mezuzah* begins right away. <sup>36</sup>

Some *poskim* say one who wishes to put up a *mezuzah* before thirty days in *Chutz L'aretz* may do so, and even recite a *beracha* before thirty days <sup>37</sup> Others say one can place the *mezuzah* on the doorpost right away<sup>38</sup> and when thirty days have past he should move the *mezuzah* a little (or remove it then replace it)<sup>39</sup> and recite

Hamezuzah pages 128-130 in depth, Birur Halacha Y.D. pages 125-126, see Avnei Yushfei 3:97:3.

a *beracha*.<sup>40</sup> *L'maseh*, the custom is not to recite a *beracha* until after thirty days even if he wants to put up the *mezuzah* beforehand.<sup>41</sup>

# **Buying a House**

Although many people are under the impression that one who buys a house in *Chutz L'aretz* does not have to put up a *mezuzah* until thirty days have past, this is not the case. The *poskim* discuss when the correct time is to put up the *mezuzah* when one buys a new house.<sup>42</sup> Some say it is when one begins to sleep<sup>43</sup> or eat<sup>44</sup> in the house. While others say the obligation begins when the buyer moves his furniture into his house even before he lives there.<sup>45</sup> If one brings his furniture into his home but it is not fit to live in, he does not put up his *mezuzahs* at that time.<sup>46</sup>

#### The Mezuzah Case

One must show the proper respect for the *mezuzah* case.<sup>47</sup> One should buy a nice *mezuzah* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Tur 285, Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:1, Aruch Ha'shulchan 285:3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Levush 22, Shach 28, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 11:21. Refer to Minchas Chinuch ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Mesechtas Menochos 44a, Rosh in Hilchos Ketanos page 234, Tur 286, Prisha 34, Shulchan Aruch 286:22, Levush ibid, Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:23. See Avnei Yushfei 1:209:5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita, see Vayivorech Dovid 1:119, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 1:644, Shevet Ha'Levi 6:180, Pischei Mezuzah 286:117.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Pischei Teshuva 286:17, Rav Akiva Eiger 286:22. See Heishiv Moshe Y.D. 13. Refer to Aruch Ha'shulchan 41, see Vayivorech Dovid 1:119.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Pischei Shearim page 202.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Refer to Vayivorech Dovid 1:119, Sefer Habayis 20:24.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita. Refer to Igros Moshe Y.D. 1:179, Mezuzahs Melachim 57, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 1:644. Some say one can recite the *beracha* right away (Halachos Ketanos 2:95:page 54).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Kuntres Hamezuzah pages 81-82, Chavos Hador 3:2, Emes L'Yaakov Y.D. 286:footnote 206.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Refer to Gilyon Maharsha 286:22, Da'as Kedoshim 286:34, Sdei Chemed mareches mem klal 112:page 237, Chavos Hador 3:1, see Arugas Habosme 230:page 98.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Da'as Kedoshim 286:33, Opinion of Horav Elyashiv Shlita quoted in Avnei Yushfei 2:80:1, Doleh U'mashka page 275, Divrei Chachumim Y.D. 109:page 219, see Magen Avraham 19:1, Mishnah Berurah 19:4,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> B'mechitzas Rabbeinu page 220.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Mikdash Me'at 285:3, Mezuzahs Baisecha 286:78, Shevet Ha'Levi 6:161. Refer to Birchos Habayis 59:2. However, according to this view, one should eat in the house before placing the *mezuzah* on the doorpost. Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita, see Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:23, Har Tzvi 235, Mezuzahs Melachim page 4:2, Bais Mezuzah 2:1, Orchos Rabbeinu 3:page 171:21, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 4:240

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Bais Mezuzah 2:4:footnote 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Shulchan Aruch 286:5, Pischei Teshuva 7, Aruch Ha'shulchan 11.

case in order to beautify the *mitzvah* of *mezuzah*.<sup>48</sup>

Although a *mezuzah* technically does not require a cover because it is in its own *reshus*, since it is *kisvei kodesh* it should have a covering over it.<sup>49</sup>

One should not change a child's dirty diaper or have garbage<sup>50</sup> in front of an uncovered *mezuzah*<sup>51</sup> Most *poskim* say one covering is enough<sup>52</sup> unless an *ervah* will be revealed near the *mezuzah*.<sup>53</sup>

When two covers are needed some say that placing the *mezuzah* in a paper wrapping and then into a plastic container is no good since the cover is meant for the *mezuzah* and it is not considered a second covering.<sup>54</sup> Nonetheless, the custom is not like this opinion.<sup>55</sup>

It is disrespectful to the names of *Hashem* if the *Shin*, *Daled* and *Yud* (that is on the outside of the *mezuzah*) are visible in front of something which should not be in front of a *mezuzah*.<sup>56</sup>

(One who has a wooden case where the name of *Hashem* cannot be seen, has not fulfilled the requirement for the name of *Hashem* to be

visible on the outside of the *mezuzah*. Writing the name of *Hashem* on the outside of the *mezuzah* does not accomplish this).<sup>57</sup>

Although some say that one should not wrap the *mezuzah* in any material because it will be a *chatzitzah* between the *mezuzah* and the case,<sup>58</sup> the custom is not like this opinion.<sup>59</sup>

#### The Name of Hashem on the Outside

The letters *shin daled* and *yud* are written on the outside of the parchment of the *mezuzah*. These letters should be visible from the outside of the case.<sup>60</sup> A *mezuzah* which was put up without this does not have to be taken off.<sup>61</sup> Some say the letters stand for *shomer dalsos yisroel*,<sup>62</sup> others say it stands for *sha'as din shomer* (at the time of judgment one is watched).<sup>63</sup> Many people have a *mezuzah* case with a *shin daled* and *yud* on the outside of the case, but this is not good enough since the letters have to be showing from the outside of the parchment itself.<sup>64</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Refer to Da'as Kedoshim 289:1:1, Birur Halacha Y.D. pages 127-128, Ohr Yisroel 17:pages 146-148,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Pischei Mezuzahs 286:36.

 $<sup>^{50}</sup>$  Shevet Ha'kehusi 3:269:3. Refer to Shemiras Haguf V'hanefesh 216:1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Pischei Mezuzahs 286:37.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Pischei Mezuzahs 286:40. Refer to Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:16, Shulchan Aruch Harav 40:5, Kaf Ha'chaim 40:13,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Pischei Mezuzahs ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Pischei Mezuzahs 286:41. Refer to Chochmas Adom 128:10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> Shevet Ha'Levi 1:271. Refer to Chesed L'alafim O.C. 40:2, Orchos Rabbeinu 3:page 175:34, Nekius V'kovod B'tefilla page 45:10:footnote 16. No *genizah* is needed on the cover which is placed directly over the *mezuzah* (Avnei Yushfei 5:25:1, see Shevet Ha'kehusi 1:279).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Kuntres Hamezuzah 286:110.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Kuntres Hamezuzah 286:111.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Massei Rav 98:page 126, Pischei Teshuva 289:2 in the name of the G'ra.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Aruch Ha'shulchan 289:19, Bais Avi 4:137, Chovas Hador 9:footnote 11, Minchas Yitzchok 10:95, Mezuzahs Baisecha page 86:56 in the name of the Chazzon Ish, Orchos Rabbeinu 3:page 174:33, Dinim V'hanhugos of the Chazzon Ish Y.D. 3:5:6, Shevet Ha'Levi 10:222.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Rama 288:15, Gr'a 15, Aruch Ha'shulchan 15. Refer to Avnei Yushfei 1:199 if the name of *Hashem* was placed backwards. (In regard to the letters *kusa* etc. on the back of the *mezuzah*, see Shach 11, Sefer Matamim page 117:10-11, Mezuzahs Melachim page 3b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Pischei Mezuzahs 288:67. Refer to Rivevos Ephraim 2:29:8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Rosh Hilchos Mezuzah page 118, Darchei Moshe 288:3, Sefer Matamim page 115 (new), Taamei Haminhagim page 511 in the footnote, Mezuzahs Melachim page 3b, see Shevet Ha'Levi 6:152.

<sup>63</sup> Yufei Leleiv 288:1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Refer to Shemiras Haguf V'hanefesh 216:footnote 1.

#### The Beracha

Before affixing a *mezuzah* one recites a *beracha* of *boruch ata......l'kevoah mezuzah*. <sup>65</sup> One *beracha* is recited even if one is affixing many *mezuzahs*. <sup>66</sup> The reason for reciting the *beracha* when affixing the *mezuzah* and not when writing it, is because it is the affixing of the *mezuzah* which is the *mitzvah*. <sup>67</sup>

One who is putting up many *mezuzahs* should not be *mafsik* between each *mezuzah* with chatter even if it has to do with affixing the *mezuzahs*.<sup>68</sup> Walking is not considered a *hefsek*.<sup>69</sup> One who did speak would have to repeat the *beracha* according to some *poskim*.<sup>70</sup>

It is very important to point out that one should not say the *beracha* on the *mezuzah* while the *mezuzah* is in his hand, rather he should put it on the wall in a temporary manner, recite the *beracha*, and then affix it in a permanent fashion.<sup>71</sup>

There is a big discussion among the *poskim* when one takes his *mezuzah* to be checked (this will *iy"h* be discussed in part 2) if another *beracha* is required when he puts the *mezuzah* back on the doorpost after they have been checked.<sup>72</sup>

L'maseh, if the mezuzah is put back on the same day then no new beracha is required. If it is kept by the sofer overnight then a new beracha is required when putting the mezuzah back on the doorposts.<sup>73</sup> One who is checking the mezuzahs himself does not need to recite a new beracha.<sup>74</sup> If the mezuzah is not kosher then a new beracha is recited when a kosher mezuzah is put in its place.<sup>75</sup>

If a *mezuzah* fell down from its place then it would seem that a new *beracha* should be recited when re-affixing it to its proper place.<sup>76</sup> Others say a *beracha* is not recited in this situation.

<sup>65</sup> Mesechtas Menochos 42b, Rambam Hilchos Mezuzah 5:7. The Me'am Loez (Eikev) page 583 says a *hereini* ..... that one should say before the *beracha* is recited. Refer to Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:5, Sefer Habayis page 294.

<sup>66</sup> Ibid, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 11:7, Aruch Ha'shulchan 4. Refer to Maharshag Y.D. 49, Shevet Ha'Levi 6:160, Rivevos Ephraim 3:508, Oz Nedberu 3:61, Seichel Tov page 279, and Tevilas Keilim 9:footnote 3 why this is so. 67 Writing the *mezuzah* is not the *mitzvah* (Rambam Hills 11.57, R. H. H. 11.62 (Rambam Hills 11.62)

Hilchos Mezuzahis not the *mitzvah* (Rambam Hilchos Mezuzah5:7, Bais Ha'Levi 1:6:3:page 40 (new), Mikdash Me'at 285:2, Mezuzahs Melachim page 4:3). Divrei Chamudos Mesechtas Menochos ibid:15. Refer to Shach 289:1, Aruch Ha'shulchan 289:3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Aruch Ha'shulchan 4, Mezuzahs Baiseicha 289:6, Rivevos Ephraim 2:29:21, Pischei Mezuzahs 289:10, Kuntres Hamezuzah 289:8, Shegias Mi Yuvin 2:65:8, Opinion of Horav Tuvia Goldstein zt"l quoted in The Complete Mezuzah Guide page 90:footnote 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Mezuzahs Baiseicha 289:6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Chovas Hador 11:9, Kuntres Hamezuzah8. See Mikdash Me'at 289:6 and Birchos Habayis 59:1 who disagree. Horav Tuvia Goldstein zt"l was lenient (The Complete Mezuzah Guide ibid).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Avnei Yushfei 1:207:5, Pishchei Mezuzahs 289:7, see Shevet Ha'Levi 2:158:1, Rivevos Ephraim 2:29:5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Refer to Maharam Shik Y.D. 285, Bais Yitzchok Y.D.2:94, Pri Hasadeh 1:40, Bais Shearim Y.D. 370,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> Refer to Birchei Yosef 289:25, Aruch Ha'shulchan 4, Be'er Moshe 2:92:12-13, Kuntres Hamezuzah 289:5, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 1:649, 2:551, Avnei Yushfei 1:207:2, quoting the opinion of Horav Elyashiv Shlita, Seichel Tov page 379, Pischei Mezuzahs 289:12, Orchos Rabbeinu 3:page 174:30, Yabea Omer Y.D. 3:17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Refer to Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:8, Pischei Teshuva 289:1, Yosef Ometz 478, Mezuzahs Melachim footnote 81, Aruch Ha'shulchan 4, Da'as Kedoshim 4, Chovas Hador 11:14.

Da'as Kedoshim 289:4, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 11:3,5,
 Rivevos Ephraim 1:19, Be'er Moshe 2:92:13, Kuntres
 Hamezuzah 289:6, Chovas Hador 11:11:footnote 20,
 Rivevos V'yovlos 2:377, Yabea Omer Y.D. 3:17, see Chai
 Adom 15:17, see Veyeishiv Moshe 1:87 who argues.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Refer to Pischei Teshuva 289:1, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 11:7, Be'er Moshe 6:6, Chovas Hador 11:15:footnote 29, Kuntres Hamezuzah 289:7, Avnei Yushfei 1:207:3-4, Rivevos Ephraim 2:28:5, Be'er Moshe 2:29:12, 3:182:2. See Orchos Rabbeinu 3:page 178:38. Some say even if a nail fell out and now the *mezuzah* is upside down no new *beracha* is recited (opinion of Horav Korelitz Shlita quoted in Seichel Tov page 380, see Rivevos Ephraim 5:547 who argues).

There is a discussion in the *poskim* if one forgot to recite the *beracha* and the *mezuzah* is attached already, can he recite it now.<sup>77</sup> Many *poskim* say that one should remove the *mezuzah*, recite the beracha and affix the *mezuzah* again.<sup>78</sup>

# Switching Mezuzahs

When one switches old *mezuzahs* with different *mezuzahs* a new *beracha* is required.<sup>79</sup> Others say no new *beracha* is required.<sup>80</sup>

# Other People Affixing a Mezuzah

Many times when affixing new *mezuzahs* one honors important and *chashuva* people to affix them on the doorpost.<sup>81</sup> Some say in this situation the *beracha* is *al kevias*. <sup>82</sup> However, the *minhag* is not like these *poskim* and the *beracha* is *l'kevoah* even in this situation.<sup>83</sup>

# Shehechiyanu

No *beracha* of *shehechiyanu* is recited when affixing a *mezuzah* on a doorpost for the first time.<sup>84</sup>

<sup>77</sup> Refer to Chai Adom 15:19, Be'er Moshe 3:182:3, Kuntres Hamezuzah 289:3, Avnei Yushfei 1:207:6, Nezer Ha'chaim page 211:149.

# At Night

One is permitted to affix a *mezuzah* on a doorpost at night.<sup>85</sup>

289:3, Soveh Smochos 1:page 361, see Chaim Shel Beracha 35:7. Refer to Minchas Pitim 289:1 who says one may recite a *shehechiyanu* if he wishes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Igros Moshe Y.D. 1:179, Rivevos Ephraim 7:369, 8:527, see Chovas Hador 11:3:footnote 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Maharam Shik Y.D. 285, Rivevos Ephraim 7:239, Be'er Moshe 2:92, Soveh Smochos 1:pages 366-367, Avnei Yushfei 1:207:1, Doleh U'mashka page 275:footnote 69 quoting the opinion of Horav Elyashiv Shlita and Horav Korelitz Shlita. The same is true if a *mezuzah* was stolen and now a new one is being put in its place (Be'er Moshe 2:92:13).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> B'mechitzas Rabbeinu page 231. Refer to Teshuros Shai 133.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup> Refer to Shach C.M. 382:4, M'Bais Levi 4:page 135:footnote 6, Chai Ha'Levi 1:94.

<sup>82</sup> Oz Nedberu 3:59, Soveh Smochos 1:page 480, Kuntres Hamezuzah 289:4, V'ein Lumo Michshal 5:page 255, Secheil Tov page 278. See Minchas Yitzchok 6:112:page 150

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Tevuos Shor Y.D. 28:14, Mezuzahs Melachim 73, Chai Ha'Levi 3:76, M'Bais Levi 4:page 135:1, Kinyan Torah 1:124, Shraga Hameir 5:81.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> Refer to Me'am Loez Eikiv page 583, Birchos Habayis page 268, Chovas Hador 11:2, Mezuzahs Baiseicha

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Ben Ish Chai Ki Sovo 2:4, Shevet Ha'kehusi 1:277, Mezuzahs Baiseicha 289:6, Rivevos Ephraim 7:369.

# -Sponsored-

לזכר נשמת מרת יענטא בת ישראל חיים הרב משה בן יששכר בעריש הרב יעקב אריה בן שבתי

# -Sponsored-

לרפואה שלמה רחל בת פעסיל

# -Sponsored-

לזכר נשמת הרב נתן אליהו בן הרב מרדכי זצ"ל

#### **Halachically Speaking**

- ▶ Halachically Speaking is a bi-weekly publication compiled by Rabbi Moishe Dovid Lebovits, a former chaver kollel of Yeshiva Torah Vodaath and a musmach of Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita. Rabbi Lebovits currently works as a Rabbinical Administrator for the KOF-K Kosher Supervision.
- ▶ Each issue reviews a different area of contemporary *halacha* with an emphasis on practical applications of the principles discussed. Significant time is spent ensuring the inclusion of all relevant *shittos* on each topic, as well as the *psak* of *Horav Yisroel Belsky*, *shlita* on current issues.

#### **Sponsorship Opportunities**

▶ Halachically Speaking is distributed to over 40 shuls in Brooklyn reaching over 1000 readers on a weekly basis, and is sent via email to subscribers across the country. Your generous sponsorship will enable us to expand the scope of this project. For more information on sponsorship opportunities please call: 718.744.4360, or send an email to mdl@thehalacha.com.

#### Affiliated with:



© Copyright 2008 by Halachically Speaking All rights reserved.