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Women Reciting Kaddish





Compiled by Rabbi Moishe Dovid Lebovits

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Women Reciting Kaddish

When one is in shul he can often hear kaddish yasom being recited by a woman in the ezras nashim. Is a woman permitted to recite *kaddish*? Although there are several kinds of *kaddish*, this issue will focus primarily on *kaddish* recited when one loses a relative and how it applies to a woman.

Kaddish: Its Origin

Kaddish was composed after the destruction of the first Beis Hamikdash in response to the chillul Hashem that resulted. Originally, kaddish was recited seven times a day — three times during Shacharis, once after Yishtabach, once after Tachanun, once after Ashrei and Uva l'Tzion. The kaddish after Aleinu, called kaddish yasom, was instituted for mourners who were not able to daven for the amud. In addition, *kaddish* was instituted after the *Shir Shel Yom* because there were many yesomim. Kaddish yasom is not an obligation like the other *kaddishim*.²

In any case, kaddish is viewed as a prayer said by mourners.

Benefit of Reciting Kaddish Yasom

There is a great benefit to the deceased when kaddish is said by his children.3

Some say the point of saying kaddish is to sanctify

Aruch Hashulchan 55:3, Mishnah Berurah 132:10.

Sefer Haugor 334.

Mishnah Berurah, ibid., Gesher Hachaim 1:30:4.



Hashem's name. Others say that saying *kaddish* is a *zechus* for the deceased because people answer *amen*.⁴

Many People Saying Kaddish Together

In previous years, *kaddish yasom* was recited by one *yasom.*⁵ Now it has become the widespread custom to recite *kaddish* at one time.⁶ Some *poskim* accept this custom,⁷ while many *poskim* frown upon it.⁸ One main reason for the latter opinion is because often one cannot hear the one reciting *kaddish* and therefore cannot answer *amen.*⁹ In addition, there is a concept of "two voices cannot be heard," which may apply to *kaddish* as well.¹¹

Nonetheless, if all those saying kaddish recite it at one spot, it is considered as if one is saying it out loud¹² along with the others and kaddish can be answered properly.¹³

⁴ Beis Lechem Yehudah, Y.D. 376:5.

⁵ Refer to Zecher Simchah 8:pages 5-6.

⁶ Refer to Kol Bo on Aveilus, pages 371-372, Teshuvos Ivri, pages 5-6, Bnei Bonim 2:7. See Shevet Hakehasi 3:48.

⁷ Chasam Sofer, O.C. 159, Y.D. 2:345, Yufei Leleiv 5:56:4, Chai Adam 30:7, Aruch Hashulchan, Y.D. 376:16; see Pischei Teshuvah, Y.D. 376:6, Kaf Hachaim Palagi 13:11, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 26:18, Betzel Hachochmah 5:135; Halichos Shlomo Tefillah page 230:25.

⁸ Binyan Tzion 122, Gesher Hachaim 30:10:12:pages 284-285; see Teshuvos V'hanhagos 1:103, 24:2, opinion of the Chazon Ish, zt"l, quoted in Teshuvos V'hanhagos 2:42, Yechaveh Daas 6:60 (end).

⁹ Refer to Binyan Tzion, ibid., Mishnah Berurah 55:4, Tzitz Eliezer 9:15:2, 9:16, Teshuvos V'hanhagos 5:24, Tzitz Eliezer, Rivevos Ephraim 3:80, 4:177, 8:170:3.

¹⁰ Refer to Maseches Rosh Hashanah 26b, 27a, Megillah 21b, Tosefta Megillah 3, Rambam, Hilchos Tefillah 12:13, Shulchan Aruch, O.C. 284:5, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 135:6; see Shulchan Aruch, O.C. 690:2, Mishnah Berurah 4, Shaar Hatzion 4.

¹¹ Refer to Hegyonei Haparshah 2:pages 213-224 in depth.

¹² Betzel Hachochmah 5:135.

¹³ Teshuvos V'hanhagos 1:103, 2:42, 5:24. See Kaf Hachaim Palagi 13:11, Gesher Hachaim 30:10:12:page 285. Refer to Mishneh Sechir 11, who frowns upon all yesomim saying kaddish in one spot.

Some poskim (see below) use this leniency to permit a woman to recite *kaddish* as well.

Halachic Literature

Below we will present teshuvos that discuss women and kaddish.

The Chavas Yair¹⁴ says that a man passed away in Amsterdam and left no sons. Before his death he instructed in his tzava'ah that during the first year of aveilus a minyan should be hired to learn mishnayos, and after the learning his daughter should recite *kaddish*. The rabbanim in the city at that time did not protest. Nonetheless, the Chavas Yair does not agree with the decision to permit kaddish to be said by a girl, since doing weakens the Jewish custom of girls not saying kaddish. (This is talking about a woman saying *kaddish* in the privacy of her home.)

The Shevus Yaakov15 was lenient with a woman saying kaddish in her home with a minyan (but it is not clear that he would permit this lechatchilah).16

The Matei Ephraim¹⁷ says (paraphrased): "One should not listen to one who does not have sons, only daughters, who before his passing said that a minyan should gather in the home and after learning his daughter should say kaddish. G-d forbid that you should hear her voice in shul. If she wants a zechus for her parent she should listen to kaddish and answer amen with kavanah, and it will be like she said kaddish and obeyed her father's will."

^{14 222.} Refer to Piskei Teshuvos, Y.D. 376:3.

¹⁶ Refer to Benesiv Chesed Vemes 5742:pages 18-19, Hapardes 38:1:pages 14-15.

¹⁷ Dinei kaddish yasom 4:8.



The *Elef Lemateh*¹⁸ says that women should not be allowed to say *kaddish* even in the home due to concerns of *pritzus*.

The *Teshuvah Mahavah*¹⁹ recounts a custom in the city of Prague that daughters of a deceased person would go to a designated area in a shul after *Shacharis* and say *Tehillim* until noon. After that the girls would recite *kaddish*. However, he never saw this custom in a shul that is set aside for *tefillah*, and it is not proper for a girl, whether she is young or old, to come into the part of shul where men are. (Here it seems that the issue is girls coming into the men's section to say *kaddish*.)

Harav Yosef Henkin, zt"l, 20 says the following on this topic (paraphrased):

"If the daughter (of the deceased) wishes to *daven* in the *ezras nashim* and she is one who observes Shabbos, kashrus, and *tznius*, and she wishes to say *kaddish*, then she can say it in front of women. This can be done at the time when men are saying *kaddish* in shul. However, it is painful to the deceased and not permitted for a girl to come into a men's shul and say *kaddish*, even if she is dressed modestly. I remember in my youth that girls said *kaddish* in front of men in *frum* shuls. Many women come to shul because of the recital of *kaddish* and *daven* as well, which brings them close to Judaism. Therefore, a woman can stand in the women's section and say *kaddish* there. The reason for this is because anyone who wishes to say *kaddish yasom* says it together. Therefore, the men will not hear the woman saying *kaddish*."

(Other *poskim* who forbade this were talking about an instance when a woman says *kaddish* by herself without any

¹⁸ Ibid:9.

^{19 229:10.}

²⁰ Teshuvos Ivrei, pages 5-6. Refer to Bnei Bonim 2:7.

other men, as the custom used to be that only one person said kaddish.)21

Harav Moshe Feinstein, zt"l, in a teshuvah²² discussing another topic mentions a woman saying kaddish and seems to permit it.

The opinion of Harav Chaim Pinchas Scheinberg, zt"l, is that a woman may recite kaddish in shul.23

The opinion of Harav Yosef Dov Soloveitchik, zt"l,24 was that a woman may recite kaddish in shul.

Others Against Saying Kaddish in Shul

We mentioned a few poskim who were against a woman saying kaddish in shul. In addition, the Yalkut Yosef²⁵ maintains that a girl should not say kaddish because of tznius. The opinion of the Asei Lecha Rav²⁶ is that a woman should not say *kaddish* in a shul (even while standing in the ezras nashim) since it is not in the realm of tznius. This is also true in a cemetery, or in a beis avel. Other poskim also maintain that kaddish may not be recited by a woman in shul.27

²¹ Refer to Bnei Bonim 2:7. See ibid. for the permissibility of a woman saying hagomel in front of men.

²² Igros Moshe, O.C. 5:12:2.

²³ Quoted in Kol Bo (yartzheit) 2:page 61

Refer to Judaism 44:3:1995.

^{25 7:23:11:}footnote 16.

^{26 5:33.}

²⁷ Sdei Chemed Aveilus, page 196:160, Torah Lishmah 27, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 26:20, Benesiv Chesed V'emes 5742:pages 17-21, Kol Bo on Aveilus, page 375:footnote 33, Gesher Hachaim 30:8:5:pages 277-278, Pnei Boruch 34:20, Minchas Yitzchak 4:30, opinion of Harav Yisroel Meir Lau, shlita, as expressed in Benesiv Chesed V'emes 5748:pages 40-43, opinion of Harav Chaim Kanievsky, shlita, quoted in Kol Bo (yartzheit) 2:page 61, opinion of Harav Moshe Shternbuch, shlita, quoted in ibid:page 64. Refer to Hapardes 38:1:pages 14-16. See V'ein Lamo Michshol 8:pages 136-137 in the footnote. Also see Beis Lechem Yehudah, Y.D. 376:4.



Men and Women Saying Kaddish Together

There is an opinion in the *poskim* that if a woman is singing and her voice is being drowned out by others singing as well, it may be permitted for one to hear the "singing of a woman,"²⁸ but one should not rely on this opinion.²⁹ When one recites *kaddish*, he is saying words and not singing, and this is not included in the prohibition of *kol ishah*.

Lone Woman Saying Kaddish

The above discussion is referring to a situation where a woman says *kaddish* together with men (in the men's section) and one cannot really hear her voice.

If a woman is the only one saying *kaddish* and only her voice is heard, it is not considered *kol ishah* because she is not singing.

Afterword

Many *poskim* are of the opinion that a woman should not say *kaddish* in shul, even if there is a *mechitzah*.³⁰ However, women who do say *kaddish* have *poskim* to rely upon.³¹ This is the custom in some circles mainly out of the New York area.

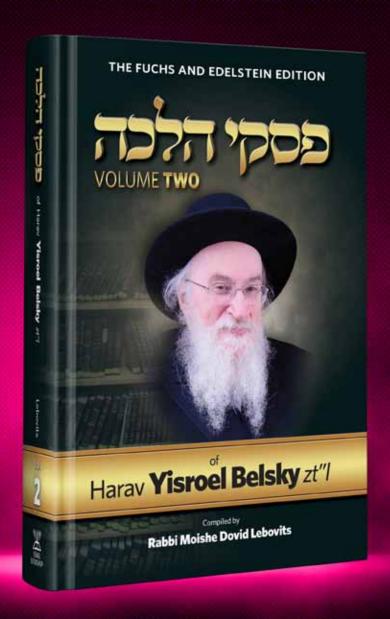
²⁸ Refer to Chasam Sofer in Seder Avodas Hakodesh, shaar taharas hayadayim 14, Sridei Eish 1:77:pages 214-219 in depth (new).

²⁹ Refer to Oz Nidberu 3:71, Shevet Halevi 5:197:4, Kinyan Torah 1:85:2, Avnei Yushfei 2:5:1, Chut Shuni Shabbos 3:page 271, Yisrael Kedoshim, page 161.

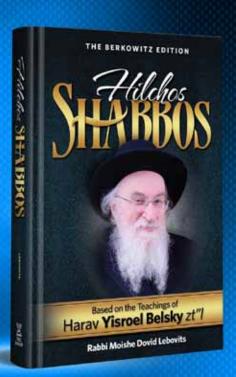
³⁰ Refer to Journal of Halacha and Contemporary Society 32:pages 106-111 in depth.

³¹ Refer to *Judaism* 44:3:1995, *Modern Judaism* 10:1990:pages 191-203.

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